

Berberidaceae - barberry family



- widespread in temperate regions of Northern hemisphere ArctoTertiary relict distribution
- 3 native genera to Wisconsin + *Berberis*
- small shrubs (*Berberis*) or herbs (rest of family).

CA 3+3 CO 3+3 A 12-18 <u>G</u> 1 [monocarpic]



Berberis thunbergii
Japanese barberry

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Berberidaceae - barberry family



• alternate host of the stem rust of wheat

• programs to irradicate plant in midwest

Berberis thunbergii Japanese barberry

Fruits = berry

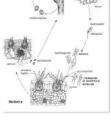


Berberidaceae - barberry family

Redary

• Puccinia graminis

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Berberis vulgaris Common barberry

- alternate host of the stem rust of wheat
- programs to <u>irradicate</u> plant in midwest

3

Common barberry

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# Berberidaceae - barberry family







Caulophyllum thalictroides - Blue cohosh

- leaves 3X compound
- developing ovules break ovary wall so are naked seeds with fleshy blue seed coats
- medicinally important for North American native Americans

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# Berberidaceae - barberry family Forms large colonies of deeply lobed, peltate leaves whose umbrella like aspect is emphasized as they emerge from the ground, slits in anthers Podophyllum peltatum May-apple

Berberidaceae - barberry family

Jeffersonia diphylla - twinleaf

• Special concern species in Wisconsin. One species in Eastern North America and one species in Eastern Asia.

• Only member of the family that is 4-merous rather than 3-merous

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## Berberidaceae - barberry family



May-apple and other members of the family are attacked by the same family of rusts - Pucciniaceae.

Podophyllum peltatum May-apple



## Berberidaceae - barberry family





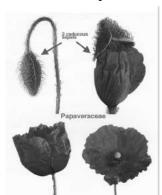
Monocarpic: note marginal placentation

- Solitary flowers only on stems with 2 leavespistil is monocarpic
- develops into fleshy berry ("applelike")



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# Papaveraceae - poppy family



- natives, garden plants and drug plants (opium/heroin)
- Herbaceous, alternate compound leaves with colored latex

CA 2 CO 4-12 A  $\propto$   $\underline{G}$  (2- $\propto$ )

Capsule = dehiscing syncarpic fruit



Papaver - poppy (cultivated) Chelidonium - celadine (cultivated)

# Menispermaceae - moonseed family



 Leaves almost peltate, palmately veined and lobed

• Mainly tropical family, usually viney

• Dioecious; separate carpels each produce one seeded **drupes** = fleshy with one bony seed

Menispermum canadense moonseed

- · Seed is curved, moon-shaped
- Poisonous fruit, mimics wild grapes

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# Papaveraceae - poppy family







 ${\it Sanguinaria\ canadensis}\ -\ bloodroot$ 

Petals 8-12 with many stamens, redorange sap abundant, used as ceremonial paint

# Papaveraceae - poppy family



Spring ephemerals from below ground corms or rhizomes. Disappear during late spring.

Dicentra cucullaria - Dutchman's breeches (with Asarum canadense - wild ginger)



Papaveraceae - poppy family



• Herb with watery juices.

compound.

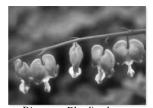
· Leaves alternate, often pinnately

- Dicentra cucullaria Dutchman' s breeches
- Zygomorphic or bilateral symmetry
- 2 sepals, 4 petals modified into sacs or spurs
- stamens united into 2 groups
- 2 fused carpels

Fruit = capsule splitting into two parts

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Papaveraceae - poppy family





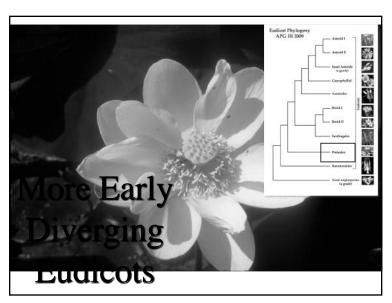
Dicentra - Bleeding heart



Dicentra canadensis - Squirrel corn

Corydalis sempervirens - pink corydalis

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### Nelumbonaceae - lotus lily family

Family of one genus and two species - the second one in East Asia (sacred oriental lotus lily)

Nelumbo lutea - lotus lily

Nymphaea odorata - water lily

Previously considered closely related to water lilies of Nymphaeaceae convergence in the aquatic plants!

- Habit is an aquatic, floating or emergent leaved, perennial herb.
- Leaves are simple, peltate.
- Inflorescence is a solitary

Nelumbonaceae - lotus lily family Nelumbo lutea Stamens numerous and filamentous - with filament and anther vs. laminar stamens in water lilies

Spiralled perianth of many parts with little distinction between sepals and

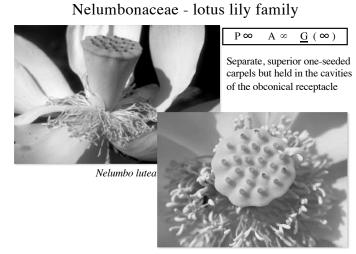
 $P \infty \quad A \propto \underline{G} (\infty)$ 

petals- tepals



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# Nelumbonaceae - lotus lily family

Restricted south of tension



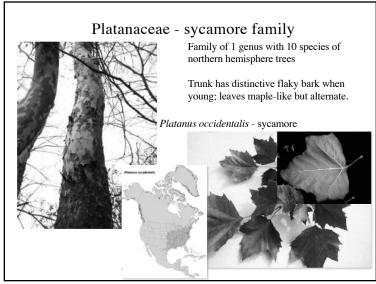
zone

The "fruit" of the lotus lily is a woody receptacle cone with a nutlike seed laying loose in each



G (∞)

Seeds & starchy rhizome eaten by Native Americans.



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# Platanaceae - sycamore family The European plane tree is a hybrid between the eastern North American and central Asian sycamores - Platanus x acerifolia - and is more

# Platanaceae - sycamore family



Platanus occidentalis sycamore

one-seeded achenes with basal tuft of hairs.

ants are known to be effective seed dispersers in several species.

- · Trees monoecious
- spherical clusters of numerous unisexual male or female reduced flowers
- · wind pollinated
- Apocarpic with 3-5 pistils per flower.

achene



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tolerant to urbanization